THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. Gallaway & Co | MEMPHIS, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1868. | (Volume Eleven—Number 46

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Democratic Conservative Ticket.

ELECTION ON SATURDAY, MARCH 7.

FOR SHERIFF,

P. M. WINTERS.

FOR REGISTER,

W. L. STEWART.

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE,

A. WOODWARD.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR,

GEORGE R. POWEL.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

MARTIN KELLEY.

FOR CLERK OF COMMON LAW COURT,

F. L. WARNER.

FOR CLERK OF CRIMINAL COURT,

JAMES M. SCHOOLES.

FOR CLERK OF MUNICIPAL COURT,

M. B. TREZEVANT.

FOR MARSHAL OF MUNICIPAL COURT,

D. R. GRACE.

FOR CONSTABLE—1st Civil District,

JOHN NORTON and J. P. BOUGHNER.

FOR MAGISTRATE,

JAS K HALSTEAD.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD.

MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

The Board of Visitors of the Memphis City Schools held the regular monthly session at the rooms of the County Commissioners, H. D. Connell, Vice President, presiding. Present—Messrs. Fealey, Meehan, Connell, Goodyear, Johnson, Atwell, Hoffneimer, Bruce, Wiggins, Cook and Slaughter. Absent—Messrs. Higbee, Swain, Comer, Waldran, Wolcott, Leath, Griffin, A. H. Merrill and Joseph Lenow were qualified and took their seats as members from the Tenth Ward, Joseph Lenow drawing the long term and A. H. Merrill the short term. The following members appeared and took their seats early in the session: Messrs. Higbee, Wolcott, Leath and Griffin.

Superintendent's report read and ordered filed.

REPORT ON GYMNASTICS.

GENTLEMEN: A majority of the committee to whom was referred Mr. Goodyear's resolution to abolish gymnastics, and discharge the Professor, do respectfully recommend the adoption of the same.

F. FEALY, Chairman.
D. F. GOODYEAR.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Gentlemen of the Board of School Visitors of the Memphis City Schools:

As a member of your Standing Committee on Rules and Regulations, to which the following resolution was referred; viz:

Resolved, That, from and after the first of March, the gymnasium exercises connected with the Memphis City Schools hereby ceases, and that the Professor thereof be notified that his services are no longer required.

Speaking for the minority of your Committee, I would, for the following reasons, report against the adoption of the resolution:

1st. Experience in other cities has proven the department designated in the resolution "gymnastic exercises" as not only useful, as a reason of physical development, but as an aid to good discipline.

2d. It follows, as a natural consequence, that if the body is invigorated the mind will be more active, and our schools improved intellectually.

3d. It is noticed that the influence of these exercises have a decided moral effect upon the discipline of our schools, and all teachers, where the experiment has been tried, consider the drill as an invaluable help in enforcing the ordinary school discipline, and they ascribe the usefulness, in this particular, to the habits of order, punctuality, of prompt, unquestioning obedience and respect for their superiors, which boys necessarily acquire during their lesson in this drill. I think it would be difficult to find a better practical commentary on the "*moral*" *value of gymnastics.*

Further on this subject. In an extract from the *Journal of Education* for Upper Canada, from the pen of the Hon. Dr. Meredith: "The addition of physical training is a wonderful improvement in the system of education. The influence of the drill gives the boys self respect; they become smart, active, clean limbed, adroit; they acquire the control over their own limbs. Systematized drill gives the boys, early, an initiation into the virtues of duty, order, obedience to command, self-restraint, punctuality, patience, etc., etc. No small addition to the value of a man's heritage in himself. I think if the regular exercises of the gymnasium were at all recesses rigidly insisted upon, much of the bad influence of promiscuous play, would be obviated. All are sensible that children left to follow the bent of their own inclinations during the short hour of recess, often give more trouble than during the remainder of the day; for that reason we would substitute the regular and supervised exercise of the Gymnasium, for the usual indiscriminate recreation which has been the custom."

4th. It is argued by many that boys need no studied muscle culture. But give them the unrestrained use of the yard and street, with their various games and sports; that they can well dispense with the scientific gymnasium. This is a misapprehension, as is easy to convince all who are disposed to think. It is a true saying, that no enterprise or project can be successful without "a system." Is not this equally true of the bodies? which, if properly trained, is sure to grow in the right way. For a simple illustration, take a boy who has round or stooping shoulders, whereby the organs of the chest and abdomen are all displaced. Give him the freedom of the yard and street, with his marbles and ball. Does anybody suppose he will become straight? Must he not, for this and a hundred other such defects, have special scientific training. There can be no doubt of it.

By investigation I learn that the present gymnastic exercises were first introduced into our schools about three years ago. Since that time several attempts have been made to abolish them; and from all I can learn the objections invariably have come from those members not acquainted with the exercise. In every instance the objector has been a newly elected member, without examining the merits of the exercise or presenting substantial objections against it.

In fact, gentlemen of the Board, I, as one of the Committee on Rules and Regulations, would not only report adversely to the resolution, but would advise that gymnastics be more regularly put in practice in all the schools, and that such exercise be a part of every day's routine of duty.

I have another important objection to the resolution. The introduction of gymnastics into our schools was considered a step in advance, and as I hold that no steps backward should be taken;

I would recommend a continuance of the exercises until good and substantial reasons are placed before you for a change. What has proven to be useful and advantageous to public schools in other cities should be so in Memphis.

After giving the subject much care and attention I can see no good reason for the adoption of the resolution.

Respectfully, N. J. WIGGIN.

By Mr. Atwell:

Resolved, That the minority report be adopted.

Ayes—Johnson, Atwell, Hoffneimer, Bruce, Wiggins, Cook, Slaughter, Leath, Merrill and Lenow.

Nays—Fealey, Meehan, Connell, Goodyear and Griffing.

Adopted.

Mr. Johnson from the finance committee reported and recommended for payment the following accounts:

Pay Roll for salaries	$1,360 00
Rent roll	150 00
Bragg and Peterson for coal	97 75
C. F. Chamberlain & Co for stationery	304 50
F. J. Atwell, Secretary	100 00
James Connell, money advanced &c	50 00
Cowperthwaite, Chapman & Co stationery	58 75
Charles Bumgartin, as visitor	20 00
Taylor, McBain & Co paving	11 475

MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

To the Hon. School Board of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: Satisfactory excuses having been submitted to us by Misses Emma Pettit and Savornia Vondran for their absence and tardiness last month, for which fines were entered up against them, we therefore recommend that said fines be remitted and the amount placed to their credit.

W. S. BRUCE,
JOHN JOHNSON,
Finance Committee.

Mr. Wolcott read the report of the committee on teachers and text books and the same was ordered filed and not printed.

MEMPHIS March 2, 1868.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

To the Honorable Board of School Visitors:

In the absence of Colonel James Swayne, chairman of the Committee on examination of teachers, the undersigned submit the following report:

Your committee, assisted by W. Z Mitchell, Superintendent, and Mr. J. T. Leath, have examined during the month several ladies and gentleman, and we recommend that certificates be awarded to the following named persons, who have passed satisfactory examinations, viz; Miss TA Tovell, Miss Mattie Crow, Miss Suzie J Boyd, Mr. W T Waters, Mr. T G Ladd, Mrs. L Taylor.

Respectfully, H. C. SLAUGTER,
Chairman *pro tem* Committee on examination of Teachers.

Adopted.

MEMPHIS, March 2d, 1868.

To H. H. Higbee, Esq., President, and the Honorable Board of School Visitors of the City of Memphis,

GENTLEMEN: In discharge of the duties imposed upon us as Committee on Visitation for the month of February, we have to report that, owing to our own business during the early part of the month, and, also, to the fact that one of us was also engaged, as instructed by the Committee, to procure and fit up the new school building in the Ninth ward, and the other (Mr. Slaughter) being on a Special Committee to investigate the contested seats of two members of the Board, and, also, being a member of the Committee on examination of teachers, and being engaged during the month a great deal with that Committee, it was not until Tuesday, the 25th ult., that we could begin our visits to the schools which, we did, at the Alabama street schools, Mrs. Jennie Trager, Principal, spending about three and a half hours in visiting the eight schools in this building, and hearing classes in six of them, and have great pleasure in adding our testimony to the well established reputation of the Principal, and, also, to the industry and ability of the teachers, some of whom we would name for especial merit, but will not, lest it be construed into unintended censure upon others not possessing such marked ability in their profession, but, really, good teachers.

We found the rooms clean and in good order. The cistern requires repairing and a new pump, and the windows ought to have shutters or fastenings of some kind to prevent the incursions of robbers.

The same afternoon we visited the schools on Adams street, taught by Miss Beudleheuer, Mr. H. E. Andrews, Mr. Brown and C. J. Hunter, spending about two hours time in the exercises.

The school of Miss Beudleheuber we found well taught, but in a building wholly unfitted to the purpose, being an old frame kitchen or out house of some kind, almost without windows, weatherboarding or plastering.

The school of Mr. Andrews, on the first floor of the main building, is a good school, and in a very comfortable room.

The school of Mr. Hunter, on the second floor of the main building, is a good school, but is so much crowded that the teacher has but a very poor enance to manage a school of seventy-eight or eighty boys, in a room not large enough to accommodate half the number.

Mr. Brown has also a good school, but in rooms much too small for the number of scholars he has.

On Thursday, the 27th ultimo, we visited the schools on Linden street, eight in number, Miss Nettie Smith, Principal, having classes recite in each of them, and were well pleased with the proficiency of the scholars, as also with the Principal and teachers, and the especial merit of some of them, which, for the reasons stated, we do not name. The school rooms were clean, but owing to the inferior quality of the plastering, more, we think, than to the carelessness of the teachers and scholars, they require repairing in this particular. The cisterns, pumps and grounds were clean and in good order, but like all the other school buildings and grounds, should be fenced in. One of the stoves we found the base of burnt out, and requiring attention.

NIGHT SCHOOLS.

On Friday morning, the 28th instant, visited the female night schools on Court street, Miss Jennie M. Higbee, Principal, assisted by Miss Juliet Carne, and to these two, but especially to the one taught by Miss Higbee, too much praise cannot be awarded, whether it be for the attainments of the scholars or the superior ability of the teacher in imparting a share of her own varied learning to those entrusted to her teaching. To say that we were not only pleased but surprised would but feebly express our pleasure at this, our first visit to their schools.

These schools, while they are tolerably comfortable, ought, at almost any reasonable expense, be provided with better school rooms.

SINGING, ETC.

Under the teachings of Professor Tatum, we find all the schools acquiring a knowledge of the principles of music, and some of the classes singing pieces very well. This branch of learning, we think, ought to be encouraged, regarding it, as we do, of quite as much importance as many other branches usually considered indispensable.

GYMNASTICS AND CALISTHENICS.

We did not visit Captain Kock at any of his drills, but find that most of the teachers and scholars enjoy these useful lessons, and we think that they should be encouraged and continued, as we regard the proper use of them beneficial in developing the graceful and healthy body for the sound and healthy mind.

The classification and grading of the schools by the able superintendent, Mr. Mitchell, we regard as very good, but think that more of his own time should be passed in the school rooms in advising the principals and requiring and instructing the teachers to conform to one uniform mode of teaching, thereby saving much time to the scholars, as they are changed from one grade of school to another.

Though for the month just passed we know that a great deal of his time has been taken up in assisting to examine the applicants for positions as teachers, and for this reason for this month he is excusable.

JOHN JOHNSON,
H. C. SLAUGHTER,
CHAS MEHAN,
Committee.

Adopted.

Mr. Johnson read the following report relating to schools for colored children, which was ordered printed.

On the invitation of Mr. J. W. Barnum, (Superintendent of the colored schools in the city,) tendered to the Committee on Visitation, and also to such other members of the School Board as could make it convenient to do so, on the 18th ultimo, in company with Messrs. Bruce, Wiggins, Goodyear and Slaughter, we visited all the schools under his charge, and have pleasure in bearing testimony to his services in their management as conducted by the, to us, unexpected progress of the pupils as to be seen not only in the mental attainments of the children, but also in their manners, neatness of dress and cleanliness of person, it being plainly evident by their improved looks the length of time they had been in the schools. Mr. Barnum has been fortunate in selecting his assistants, some of whom are excellent, and all very good teachers, so far as we could judge by the short time allowed to us in each school.

Lincoln Chapel is a two story frame building, on Orleans street, between Linden and Beal, containing four rooms on the lower floor and one large room with two small class rooms above. The building was erected about one year ago, and with the lot and furniture cost about $10,000, and is owned by the American Missionary Association. On the back part of the lot is a one two story building with two rooms. The schools at Lincoln Chapel are as follows: On the upper floor of the main building is a large primary school of 290 pupils, under the care of Misses Agnes Hill, Henrietta Matson and Mrs. Hattie McGill. About eighty of these primary pupils are adult minors. All of this grade are in the alphabet and primers. The next grade is a school of eighty pupils, all small, in the room in the rear of the main building. It is taught by Miss Bell Smith. They all read in the second reader, write on slates, have oral lessons in primary arithmetic, and read and spell, the spelling lessons in the spelling book. The next grade is on the lower floor of the main building, and is composed of grown minors and small children, reading in the third reader, studying primary arithmetic, writing in copy books, and reading and spelling, the spelling lessons of the spelling book. This school has seventy-one pupils, and is taught by Miss Caroline Wilson. The next grade is on the same floor, and all read in the fourth reader, and study arithmetic, and the spelling book, and write in copy books. A portion of this school are grown up minors; it numbers in all fifty-eight pupils, and is taught by Miss Lizzie Halsart. The next grade are all young pupils, but are better readers, and are more advanced in arithmetic, and study geography, but use the same reader and speller as the junior grade. They write their spelling lessons on slates. This school is taught by Mrs. J. H. Barsam, and has an enrollment of sixty pupils. The next grade read in the fifth reader, study intellectual and practical arithmetic, and geography, and write and spell. This school is taught by Miss Mary Eamen, and has an enrollment of fifty pupils. There are in all these schools eight teachers and over six hundred pupils, furniture, etc.

The second school, called Centenoy, is on South street near Hernando. It is not a graded school, but has an enrollment of one hundred and two pupils, and is taught by Miss Mollie Kemball. This building and lot is owned by the Methodist Freedmen's Aid Commission, and is in the form of a church, with two small class rooms, and will accommodate pupils enough for three teachers. There are at present desks for twenty-four pupils.

The third school, called Phœnix, is some distance south of South street, on Rayburn avenue. This building was built, and is held by the Freedmen's Bureau. It has one large room capable of seating three hundred pupils, and four class rooms. This school is under the care of three teachers, each having a different grade. Two of the teachers hear the classes in the recitation rooms, while the Principal manages the school, and teaches one grade. There are two hundred and eighty pupils enrolled this month in this school. About sixty are grown up minors, sixty read in the third, fourth and fifth readers, use the spelling book, study arithmetic, and write in copy books, and about thirty study geography; one hundred and fifty are in the alphabet, and primaries. The teachers in this school are Misses Bell Bachan, Chloe Newton and Armanda Trosk.

The fourth school is on Washington street, above High street. This is an unclassified school of one hundred pupils, enrolled under the care of Miss. Lou. Burnett. They have the same studies as the pupils of the other schools. The pupils in all the schools are well supplied with books, and the rooms are all well furnished with maps, charts and primary cards.

The societies above named aided by the Bureau, employ the Superintendent and teachers and incur all the expenses of these schools expecting to receive some aid from the State school fund through this Board under a resolution passed by this Board some months ago.

MEMPHIS, February, 1868.

To the Board of School Visitors, Memphis City School:

GENTLEMEN: Your Special Committee to whom was referred the communication from the "Teachers' Association," beg leave to report that we have given the communication our careful attention, and commend the spirit which prompted such an expression of the views of the teachers, fully appreciating the self-sacrificing spirit which they have displayed in laboring so long without other compensation than a pride in keeping up our public schools and the *hope* of future payment.

From this communication it would appear that the teachers fully understand the fact that our present financial embarrassment may be attributed solely to the odious "scrip" system. Nevertheless, we deem that a brief exposition of the evils arising therefrom will not here be out of place.

In former years, it has been the custom of this Board to issue certificates of indebtedness, improperly called scrip, in payment of salaries, etc. These certificates were sold by the holders at various rates, from fifty cents to eighty cents on the dollar, netting to the teacher as an average not more than sixty per cent. of the salary agreed upon. Petitions to make good this loss were invariably presented to the Board, which petitions were as invariably granted. To illustrate:

To Miss Blank we agreed to pay $1000 for the full term, (one year.) The amount was duly paid to her, when falling due, in our certificates of indebtedness, which she disposed of at the market rate, sixty cents on the dollar, netting thereby $600. Not being able to lose the $400, she applies for this Board to make good the loss, and her request is complied with by issuing to her certificates for $666 66, which, when sold at the current rate, (65c) will net the $400 required. Our books now show that we have paid Miss Blank, not $1000, but $1666 66. This system was much aggravated by the fact that school taxes were, until July last, payable in city *scrip*. Since last July, this Board has issued no certificates of indebtedness. All school taxes paid since that time have been paid either in currency or in certificates of this Board, remaining of the old issue still on the market; most of the amount in the latter, which has been duly cancelled by our Treasurer. A portion of the money received has been consumed in payment of coal bills, and in making such repairs in school buildings as were necessary to render them tenantable. The meager balance has been paid to the teachers, *pro rata*.

Your committee are gratified that the teachers, in their communication, so emphatically condemn the odious "scrip" system, and we do not doubt that a firm adherence to the policy foltowed by this Board for the last six months, i.e.—the refusal to issue drafts on our Treasurer, until there are funds in his hands to pay the same—will ultimately place our treasury on a firm basis.

[For further explanation, see report of Finance Committee.]

When this Board opened the schools in September last, it was with the full expectation that we would receive in October or

[CONCLUDED ON FOURTH PAGE.]

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22 JEFFERSON STREET.

Business Cards,
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Books for Clerks of Courts,
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379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Grass Seed, Garden Seed,
Garden Seed, Grass Seed,
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Fresh and genuine at CRAIGS SEED STORE, 379 Main street.

Fertilizers, Fertilizers,
Garden Implements, Garden Implements

AT CRAIGS SEEDSTORE, 379 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad,

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., February 7, 1868.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of three per cent. has been this day declared to the Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company, payable on and after the 15th of March next.

In order to prepare for same, the Stock Book of the Company will be closed on the 1st of March next and not re-opened for the transfer of stock until after the 15th of March. All stock transferred before the books are closed, will carry the dividend.

GEORGE ANDERSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Hames, Collars, Blind Bridles and Chains.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at Factory Prices!

500 dozen Red Top Root Hames,
300 dozen Hog-skin Collars,
200 dozen Blind Bridles,
30 casks Trace Chains—"all sizes."

Merchants and Planters will find it to their interests to examine our stock before purchasing.

MOORES, SMITH & CO.,
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WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS,

Of all Kinds,

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All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

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ARCHITECT,

Walker Block, 279½ Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

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PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 45 Union Street, Lee Block.

Between Main and Front streets, MEMPHIS, TENN.

STERLING FOWLKES, THOMAS P. ADAMS, WM. A. STEFFEY, WITH

FOWLKES & STEFFEY,

(Successors to Fowlkes & Co.)

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AGENTS for the sale of the PREMIUM COTTON GINS made by W. G. Clendenin, Egypt & Co. Columbus, Ga. Also, agents for the GREEN RIVER WOOLEN MILLS Hendersonville, Ky. Have on hand, for sale by piece or case, a full assortment of Kentucky Jeans.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. | C. O. HILL, Memphis. | JOHN D. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

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P. M. ROBERTSON, Desoto county, Miss. | M. A. CARTER, Pulaski, Tenn.

ROBERTSON & CARTER,

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Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders solicited.

ANDERSON & GAY,

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No. 338 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE ON CONSIGNMENT, FOR SALE TO THE TRADE

2,000 bales Hay,
2,000 bushels Oats (black and white,)
500 barrels Seed Potatoes,
25 tierces Davis' Sugar-cured Hams,
2,000 barrels Cape Lime.

feb20

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission

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No. 254 Front Street, up stairs,

Over Harris, Cochran & Co.'s.

PROMPT attention paid to all business intrusted to us. Special attention given to filling orders. Bagging, Iron Ties & Rope furnished customers at lowest market prices. ja8

WASH. S. TAYLOR, E. A. COLE

TAYLOR, COLE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 11 Monroe Street, between Main and Front

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No. 19 Jefferson Street,

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WE respectfully solicit a share of the interest of the planters of the south. We thank our former customers for their patronage, and would say to them that we have changed neither name nor place. Our changes are the same as heretofore. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured unless otherwise instructed. ja1

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STANLEY, KING & SMITH,

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AND

General Commission Merchants,

16 Monroe Street, between Main and Front

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Bagging furnished.

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Bank of Memphis. | DR. R. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C. S. A.

W. WILLIAMS, Machine owner, Tennessee.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

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AND FREIGHT MERCHANTS.

No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Liberal Advances made on Consignments. On

We have a Warehouse of our own in which we will handle all cotton consigned to us. TO OUR PLANTER FRIENDS SHALL BE SO CHEERFULLY LOOSEN WHISKY, & THINGS WE HAVE HAD TO BUY, AND WE WILL BE PREPARED TO SELL THEM ON REASONABLE TERMS.

Cotton Gins furnished cheap. All consignments by river insured unless otherwise instructed.

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON, Late of Banks, Hamilton & Co. | JACK P. RICHARDSON, Late of Mobile, Alabama.

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AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 19 City Buildings, South Commercial St.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

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BARKER & CO.,

Auction and Commission

MERCHANTS,

Real Estate & Collecting Agents,

Aberdeen, Miss.

Consignments Solicited.

ja19 BARKER & CO.

INDUSTRIAL AID SOCIETY

INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

THE Ladies of the Aid Society have connected with their rooms a duly authorized Intelligence Department, where any persons desiring "help" in any capacity can procure it by paying the sum of $1. Other offices of similar character charge $3 for the same service. Owing to the great scarcity of money, there is comparatively but little nursing passing through the rooms. Will not the young gentlemen of the city who have work of this kind send it to the Depot, in Stallman's Block, where it will be done in good manner and at reasonable rates. By doing this they will assist the worthy females in our midst who depend on their needle for subsistence. The Ladies solicit anything from all who have it to give out. Remember, the 25 cents price paid for the work goes to the employee, the society being supported by its membership.

feb4 Mrs. S. C. LAW, President.

JOSEPH FLANNERY,

Practical Plumber,

Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter,

No. 53 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Keep constantly on hand a well selected a

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feb23

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ja31 H. B. PACKER, Coal Dealer.

Notice.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed a Financial Committee to solicit subscriptions from the Conservative Democratic citizens of Shelby County, to defray the current expenses of the campaign, viz:

J. J. WORSHAM, Chairman,
G. H. MONSARRAT,
R. J. LOOSEY,
J. M. COLEMAN,
H. W. WOOD,
HENRY LOWENSTEIN,
BENJ. DORRIS.

And they are earnestly requested to accept the position, and proceed without delay, as the time is short and the issue great.

By order of the County Executive Committee.

feb18 M. D. L. STEWART Chairman.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned having, on the 20th instant, purchased the interest of Colonel L. A. Pratt the lease, furniture, fixtures, &c., of the Spencer House, have formed a copartnership under the firm name of Brown & Sweeny, for the purpose of conducting the hotel of said house, respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

E. H. BROWN,
MERED SWEENY.

Cincinnati, February 27, 1868. mh1

To the Public.

HAVING disposed of the lease, furniture, fixtures and stock of the Spencer House to Captain E. H. Brown and myself formerly, as I most cheerfully recommend them to my old friends and to the business as gentlemen worthy their patronage and confidence.

Cincinnati, February 27, 1868. L. A. PRATT.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

No. 63 Adams Street,

Memphis, Tennessee.

THIS HOUSE, formerly known as the "Hardwick," has changed proprietors, and is now open to the public. The table is fixed and furnished as new, and its patronage solicited. Will be prepared on new terms to accommodate the traveling public. Terms reduced to the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per day $1 50
Board and Lodging, per week 7 00
Board and Lodging per month 25 00
Day Board, per month 20 00
Day Board, per meal 25
Lodging, per night 50

Servants waited on in proportion. Cabs day and night. Omnibus to and from the house free of charge.

feb18 KELLY, RUTLEDGE & CO.

Great Bargain.

A SPLENDID new and well assorted stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Amounting to about seven thousand dollars, will be sold cheap for cash or on time, good security, or will exchange for country or wood cotton.

Address immediately ST. LOUIS, this office. mh1

MISCELLANEOUS

GEORGE PHILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

HIDES AND LEATHER

Adams Street, between Front and the River,

HAVE now on hand consignments of Leather direct from the manufacturers, consisting of

HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
SOLE LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER,
KIP SKINS, ETC., ETC.

HAVE ALSO,

French and American Calf Skins.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR

RUSH & HOWARD'S,

(Buffalo, New York.)

Hemlock Sole Leather.

Have now in store One Hundred Rolls, which we sell as lower than it can be had elsewhere in this market.

FOR SALE.

100 barrels of Peach-blow Potatoes,
100 barrels Early Goodrich Potatoes,
700 bales of Hay,
1000 barrels Cement,
200 barrels Lime,
800 sacks Oats,
300 sacks Bran,
One Light Spring Wagon.
Just Received,

JOHN K. MOODY & CO.,

ja31 302 Front Street.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,

Charleston, S. C.

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends and the traveling public, that he has taken charge of the above well known FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, and refurnished and refitted it, in all its departments

The celebrated ARTESIAN WATER BATHS, Hot, Cold and Shower, at all hours.

Coaches run to and from all Railroads, and servants with attentive Porters. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. J. P. HORBACH, Agent,

ja28 Proprietor.

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPE. All kinds WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. ja28

RECEIVER'S SALE

OF

FINE FURNITURE

THE stock of FURNITURE belonging to C. P. HARNEY & WEGHE.

No. 87 Union Street,

Will be sold at public sale very cheap.

feb13 THOMAS MAYFIELD, Receiver.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of WORMELEY, JOY & CO., Memphis, and W. S. PICKETT & CO., New Orleans, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent and the retirement of Mr. LEVI JOY.

LEVI JOY,
W. WORMELEY,
W. S. PICKETT.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 17, 1868.

In withdrawing from my late business connection, I take pleasure in recommending my successors to the patronage of the public, and hope the business attended to by the late firm will be continued to the new. LEVI JOY.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire interest of LEVI JOY in the above firm, and having assumed all their liabilities, are about to close up the affairs of said late business. The name of WORMELEY, JOY & CO. will be used only in liquidation.

We will continue the Cotton Factorage and Commission business as heretofore under the style of WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., Memphis, and W. S. PICKETT & CO., of New Orleans.

RALPH WORMELEY,
W. S. PICKETT,
JOHN D. URMEY.

feb18

Sale of the Southern Planing Mill.

BY virtue of a deed executed unto parties, Hume F. Hill & A. T. Hall and T. W. Rowe, bearing date March 5, 1867, and recorded in book 14, page 44, of DeSoto county, Miss., and on the 4th of December, 1867, in book 0 No. 1, page 1, of Shelby county, Tenn., I will, on Thursday, March 5, 1868, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., sell on the front door of the court house, Memphis, Tenn., for cash, the property mentioned and described in said deeds, viz: The Planing Mill, its machinery and fixtures, together with lease of the ground on which the same is situated, expiring on the 1st day of September, 1868. The said property situated, lying and being in the corporate limits of Memphis, Tenn.

feb1 THOMAS MAYFIELD.

H. HARDER,

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

No. 263 1-2 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE, MEMPHIS, TENN

Keeps constantly on hand

The Best Quality of Custom-made Boots & Shoes

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN living in the country can be measured and have shoes or boots of the fit to suit them and best quality made on shortest notice. All work warranted or no sale.

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm name of J. T. Bigger & Co., at Collierville, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of Lindsey, Arnold & Co.

J. T. BIGGER,
LINDSEY, ARNOLD & CO.

In withdrawing from our late business connection with Mr. J. T. Bigger, it affords us much pleasure to recommend him to the confidence of the commercial world. J. T. BIGGER is also fully fitted to settle the late copartnership business.

LINDSEY, ARNOLD & CO.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of LLOYD & GILBERT, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. O. F. LLOYD will continue the business on his own account, as the old stand, in the name of LLOYD & BROTHER, and assumes all the liabilities of the late firm.

W. H. GILBERT,
O. F. LLOYD.

Memphis, Tenn. Feb. 1, 1868.

St. Louis Mail boats will insure cargoes Cairo to Memphis at 1 per cent. Parties desiring the insurance will please call on the undersigned at the office of the Memphis and Cairo Packet Company, foot of Jefferson street.

ARCHER, Fort Smith and Fort Gibson, Ark.

JARED SMITH, master, leaves Memphis every Saturday.

MARY, master, leaves Memphis every Wednesday.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

ARCHER & CO., Agents.

Notice.

THE undersigned, having purchased the entire interest of W. H. GILBERT in the above firm, and having assumed all their liabilities, are about to close up the affairs of said late business. The name of LLOYD & BROTHER will be used only in liquidation.

O. F. LLOYD.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 17, 1868.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR MAGISTRATE OF THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—M'as M EDITOR: Please announce my name as a candidate for Magistrate of the Fifth Civil District. feb20 A. S MYERS.

FOR MAGISTRATE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—I am authorized to announce EDWARD S. GRAHAM as a candidate for the office of Magistrate for the Fifth Civil District. feb20

FOR CLERK OF THE CRIMINAL COURT—JAMES H. MCHOLLAN, the nominee of the Democratic Convention is a candidate for Clerk of the Criminal Court, and will on contesting until after the polls close on the day of election. feb20

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FOURTEENTH DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce C. B. BOWMAN as a candidate for Constable of the Fourteenth District at the coming election. fe 24

FOR CONSTABLE—13TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce JOHN NORTON as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable of the 14th Civil District at the ensuing election in March. ja20

FOR CONSTABLE 5TH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce C. F. MARTIN as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District, at the ensuing March election, subject however to the nomination of the Conservative party. ja27

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—JAMES HERRINGTON is a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District. ja30

EDITORS AVALANCHE: You will please announce my name as an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for re-election to the office of State and County Tax Collector, subject to the decision of the voters of Shelby county.
PHILIP GARVIN.
City papers copy and send bill to office. feb15

FOR CONSTABLE OF THE FOURTEENTH CIVIL DISTRICT—JOHN F. BOUGHNER is a candidate for Constable in the Fourteenth Civil District, subject to the decision of the Democratic Conservative party. feb15

FOR CONSTABLE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce Mr. JAMES O'CONNOR as a candidate for the office of Constable of the Fifth Civil District of Shelby county. Election to be held in March next. feb19

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT—Any one having a SMALL RESIDENCE with about three or four rooms, in a pleasant neighborhood and convenient to business can find a prompt paying tenant by applying at 302 Main street. feb20

WANTED—The subscriber wishes to borrow on good Real Estate security Three or Four Thousand Dollars. Address "S," Avalanche office. ja22

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE HOUSE No. 134 Second street, near Exchange. This house has ten large airy rooms, with large yard attached; good cistern, etc. For terms apply on the premises of to C. CURTIS.
feb20 City Engineer's Office.

FOR RENT—Store House No. 264 Front street, under Commercial Hotel; will rent low to a good tenant. Apply to ja24 MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Mrs. N. T. GREEN will open her new and elegant house on the 3d of March, No. 104 Court street, for the reception of boarders. Two handsome rooms for families, and two suitable for young men, permanently. mh1

REDUCTION IN BOARD—The WHITEMORE HOUSE has reduced its transient rates to $2 per day! Day Board to $6 per week! Regular Board with single rooms very low. Families can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms at the lowest rates. Owing to the fact that we have no RENT to pay, we can afford better indigenesta to guess than any other house in the city. ja26

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—A double Frame House on the corner of Mill and seventh streets in Chelsea, each tenement containing three rooms and kitchen and cistern, will be sold very low. For particulars inquire of Royster & Trezevant, or of L. S. Grant on the premises. ja 28 L. S. GRANT.

FOR SALE ON TEN YEARS' TIME Seventy acres good land, situated six miles from Memphis, on the Germantown plank road, suitable for either farming or garden purposes. A small cash payment required, balance on long time. Apply at 342 Main street. feb7

A FARM TO LEASE FOR FOUR YEARS—Three hundred and fifty-nine acres in tract; two hundred and fifty cleared and balance timber. Lies ten miles from Memphis on Mississippi and Tennessee railroad and Hernando plankroad. Running water for stock on place all the year. A liberal lease will be given, or I will sell it or a part.
T. H. LOGWOOD,
feb22 No. 31 Union street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—Twenty-three YOUNG MULES, in good working order, together with a full of Farming Implements, consisting of Plows, Scrapers and Sweeps, Wagons and Harness. Apply to D. H. EVANS.
feb14 No. 14 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—One Portable Boiler and Engine, eight (8) horse power; one upright Engine on iron frame, three (3) horse power; one Magowan Pump, medium size; all in complete running order. Call on Bluff, foot of Madison st.
ja15 G. DUFFIN & BRO.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

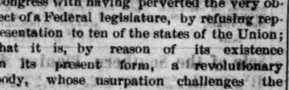
NOTICE—To all whom it may Concern—I have this day suggested to the Clerk of the County Court of Shelby county, the insolvency of the estate of William Biggs, deceased. All creditors are required to file their claims by the first day of October, 1867, or they will be barred.
ONLEY & DUVAL, Solicitors, mh1 ISHAM, Administrator.

NOTICE—To all whom it may concern I will apply at the March term, 1868, of the County Court of Shelby county, for letters of administration on the estate of Jane Fair, deceased. W. L. BELL.
ONLEY & DUVAL, Attorneys. feb26

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of removal, the result of twenty years' special practice. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. feb4 6w

NOTICE—Having been appointed administrator of the estate of John Otts, deceased, all persons owing said estate, are required to come forward and make settlements and all persons holding claims against the estate will have the same proated and presented within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.
W. H. SCHULZ, Administrator,
ja29 No. 11 Madison street.

COUGH—No Cure no Pay—FORREST'S HUNTER'S TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Throat and Lung disease, or the price positively refunded. INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF PRODUCED. Try it! If not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back. Sold only by D. P. FORREST & CO., Wholesale and retail agents, 310 Second street, Memphis, Tenn. Price 25 cents per bottle feb4



WEDNESDAY, : : : : MARCH 4, 1868

THE election takes place in New Hampshire next week. The eyes of the whole country are now turned to that state. The Democracy are making a desperate fight. The Democrats in their speeches and in their resolutions make out a fearful indictment against the Radical party, and they charge Congress with having perverted the very object of a Federal legislature, by refusing representation to ten of the states of the Union; that it is, by reason of its existence in its present form, a revolutionary body, whose usurpation challenges the opposition of every Constitution loving citizen. That this assemblage have usurped the authority of the Executive, and so have broken down the balance of power established by our fathers. "They are now planning to rob the judiciary of its powers, in order that it may be prevented from deciding in favor of the Constitution; they have deprived the legislative body of its own integrity, by so reducing its numbers to enable the usurping remainder to carry out their destructive plans; they have denied the sovereign power of all the States, by placing portion of them under military despotism; they have created a number of new offices, and sent to a portion of the Republic a swarm of officers to harrass the people, and they are now loading with taxes the citizens of the North, for the purpose of enslaving their brethren of the South; they have in many instances abolished the right of trial by jury, and the right of *habeas corpus*, and by military force have overthrown the civil power, and deprived our people of their liberties; they have made war on the Constitution, in every department of the Government, on the States, and on the people, and have enslaved the white man, in order to give the ballot to the negro." At the Gubernatorial election in 1866 the Radical majority was 4,655, and in 1867 it was 3,146. As the coming election is the first of any importance of the elections of 1868, the result is now with intense anxiety by both

Moore & Brake	Moore A F	Melne R	
M Irvine C J	Moore D	Murphy W	Radicals confi-
Maines D	Moore H	Morse R, my re-	
Mason H O	Morris H	Mitson J	
Mason E	Morris J R	State.	
Mitchell J H	Mahony J	Martin J	
Miller J	Moore	Merritt, tinued	
Massey Captain J H	Madison J	Minor P	
Morris L S	Miller Captain M	Monfort,	
Moore R	Mitchell P	Martin R T,	
Moore G	Mason T F	Mason T F	
Mason T F	Moore T W	Moore T W	
Miller W F	Miller W	Meade W	
Mathews W E	Meade W		
	Nunn		
McCallon A E	McKay	McKee	
McMahon E	McKay Colored	McKee	to be so-

complished at the ballot box. We look hopefully to the result in New Hampshire, but with trembling. If the recent revolutionary action of Congress is not sufficient to arouse the people of New Hampshire to a sense of their danger, then we may safely conclude that the reactionary movement which developed itself last autumn has stopped, and that Radicalism will triumph in the next elections. The election is one of great importance, since it is one of so much significance. If New Hampshire, in the election now at hand, should indicate that for the future she will prove a break-water to arrest the flood of revolution and fanaticism, and with her voice rebuke the destructives, all will be well. But if, on the other hand, the surges of sectional passion and prejudice should roll over this State also, then will the liberties of our country be engulfed in ruin. If this State sustains the Radical Congress in its recent madness and folly, a deep gloom will spread like a pall over the country. The heart of the patriot will tremble with apprehension. Confidence in the durability of our institutions will be deeply shaken. The pillars of the Union will rock upon their base, and many will prepare for the apprehended catastrophe. But, we repeat, if, on the other hand, victory should perch upon the Democratic banner, thousands will feel as if we had escaped a great disaster. Business will revive; confidence will be restored; all our industrial energies will be reinvigorated; the pulse of commerce will beat with renewed vigor; the hand of labor will receive new employments and augmented wages; and all will feel as if they had resigned and re-sealed the guarrantees of the Constitution.

IT WILL be seen by the Legislative proceedings at Nashville, as reported in the morning papers yesterday, that the Rump, at Nashville, calling itself a Legislature, is preparing to put BROWNLOW'S chicken thieves and murderers, called a State militia, into service again. To what extent will the infuriated folly of these reckless men lead them? Every one knows that it requires all the patience and forbearance that our people could command, while these rascals were murdering and stealing all over the State, to prevent an outbreak, and save the carcasses of these scoundrels from the vengeance of our insulted and outraged people. And now, when we thought that danger was passed, and the prudence and forbearance of our people had triumphed, it seems that we are again to pass that ordeal. It is manifest to every reflecting mind in the State that irritating and insulting acts are not designed for peace, but the reverse. The Radicals know that there is nothing more fatal to their continued supremacy in the State than peace. They suppose that if they can provoke our people into some acts of resistance, they can make sufficient capital to bring in Federal forces into the State, and, by throwing the blame upon returned Confederate soldiers, secure a continuance of their power by aid of Federal troops. And this is the whole secret of the Kux Klux furor. If Confederate soldiers are really the parties to be arrested, BROWNLOW'S thieves are the last men in the world to be charged with that duty with any hope of success. Two dozen brave Confederates could run the whole posse out of the State. The arrest of disturbers of the public peace is not the object. On the contrary, it is to disturb the peace, and, as one of the gang not long since remarked, it is to muddy the waters so that "they might swim." We warn the authors of these offensive measures to beware how they again try the patience of an outraged people. There is a point beyond which forbearance ceases to be a virtue. Let them take care how they press that point.

ONLY three days to the election! Up, then, and to your posts, Democrats! Rouse, then, and work while it is day! The candidates are doing their duty; but they cannot do all. Everybody is interested in the result, and everybody should be at work. Are we all at work? What have we done? What do we propose to do? Shall it be said we alone remained inactive when the friends of liberty throughout the Union were warring upon despotism? The welfare of the country and our most vital interests are at stake. There is time between this and the election to redeem the apathy which has heretofore prevailed. There is time enough yet to advance our standard, to the front rank of that gallant host, who are battling so nobly for the Constitution, and the Democratic purity of its administration. Let us set about the good work in earnest. Let us not trust the labor in other hands, but perform it ourselves, each in his own sphere, and to the very utmost of his ability. Remember all that is at stake—all that may be won, and all that must be lost, if there is any yielding, or faltering, or supineness, even, in that part of the field which we are expected to guard. The public plunderers must be defeated. Their party is now held together by no principle, and is rapidly hastening to the grave its own corruptions have prepared for it. With energetic effort a triumph is a certainty. Surely, surely the people of Shelby have too much involved in this struggle, aside from their party predilections, not to make that effort. Let every man be at the polls on the day of election, and let each one see that his neighbor is there. Let each one, from now until election day, buy himself to bring out our full strength, and the result will be hailed with a shout of joy from one end of the Union to the other.

THE colored race are growing sick of Radicalism. We hear of negroes deserting Loyal Leagues almost every day, as rats desert an old burning barn. The negro begins to see that the professions of the Radicals are nothing but shallow demagoguery to dupe them out of their votes. The negro cannot always be cajoled by shrewd Yankees, and cheated by worthless adventurers. It will not be long before the negro will hate the creatures who have so long used him as a tool for selfish purposes.

Gold opened in New York yesterday at 141 and closed at 141¼.

Cotton opened in New York yesterday dull and unchanged—closed at 22@23½ for low middling—middling uplands 23@23¼—Orleans 24. Sales 3000 bales.

The steamers M. S. Mepham and Fannie Scott, were burned at St. Louis, yesterday morning. Partially insured.

Stanton has decided by stealth that Kentucky shall enjoy the privilege of the freedmen's bureau for the present.

A bill was introduced in the House yesterday, requiring the impeachment of the President to be expedited.

Nothing definite or very important was done in the Senate yesterday. President Johnson is anxious for the trial to proceed, but the impeachers have suddenly become reticent and hesitating.

TELEGRAPH.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Late and Interesting Congressional Proceedings.

Stanton to Show Cause why He Retains the War Office.

Lindsay Nominated U. S. Attorney for Middle Tennessee.

Conclusion of Judge Black's Argument on Reconstruction.

Destruction of Barnum's Museum, etc., by Fire.

Important News per Atlantic Cable.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 3.

It is now believed the writ of *quo warranto*, for Stanton to show cause why he retains possession of the War Department, will be made.

The President has nominated Phillip Lindsay for United States Attorney for the Middle District of Tennessee.

In the Supreme Court to-day, Mr. Black concluded his argument against the constitutionality of the reconstruction acts.

Mr. Carpenter replied, arguing that these acts were entirely constitutional.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, March 3.

A fire broke out shortly after midnight in Barnum's Museum in that portion of it which is occupied by Van Amburg's Menagerie, and so rapid did the flames spread, it was found impossible to save any of the larger animals. The yells of the animals as the flames reached them were appalling, they bounded from side to side and dashed madly against the bars, in vain efforts to free themselves. A few animals, among them, a kangaroo, a small leopard and a few monkeys, together with the pelicans and a variety of other small birds were saved. The electrical machine was alone saved. On the Mercer street side through the assistance of the police and others the giraffe, two camels, a pair of Japanese hogs, a Brahma cow, and a variety of small animals were rescued. The firemen were at work on another fire in Spring street, and when they arrived the building was wrapt in flames, and in a short time the interior was burned out, and the adjoining buildings seriously damaged. One side of the Prescott house was at one time on fire, but it was saved by extraordinary exertions. The thieves in the confusion managed to appropriate a considerable amount of property. Several spectators were relieved of their watches and wallets. The loss on the museum including Van Amburgh's Menagerie will amount to $500,000. It was insured, but for what amount, could not be learned. The basement, No. 539, was occupied as a restaurant. Loss of stock about $25,000; insured. No. 541 was occupied by Sergler & Clinton as a sample room. Their loss on liquors and fixtures is $5,000. No. 537, a four story building, was occupied on the fourth floor by P. Roukenheimer, the third was occupied by G. Heisage & Co., dealers in furs, the second floor by John Wiley, book publisher, and the first by B. Kahn, opticsian; they all lose heavily on their stocks by fire and water. No. 545 was occupied on the first floor by the Eclipse Sewing Machine Co., the second by Mr. Hall, music publisher, and the upper floor by various parties, all of whom lose heavily in upholstery, etc. The store of Samuel T. Ireland, in the rear on Mercer street, was burned out. All the people in the Museum were saved.

The supposed losses by the destruction of the Museum last night will reach half a million. Insurance not over half the amount. Barnum has announced the lots for sale, and will build on another site.

The municipal election at Rochester, Utica and Elmyra, resulted in Democratic Victories. The counties of Rhinebeck, Oswego and Auburn went Republican.

Feller's toy store, on Spring street, was burned last night. Loss, $30,000. Also, the Hamilton cotton wadding factory, in Brooklyn, was partially burned to-night. Loss, $50,000.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.

The steamers M. S. Mepham and Fanny Scott were burned here this morning. The Mepham was valued at $65,000, and insured for $45,000. The Fanny Scott was a stern wheeler valued at $35,000, and insured for $25,000.

FROM NEWPORT, KY.

NEWPORT, KY., March 3.

The Republicans carried the municipal election yesterday.

FROM CONCORD.

CONCORD, N. H., March 3.

The Democratic State Committee announce the canvass of the State as follows: Sinclair, 36,143; Horriman, 33,200; doubtful, 2,006.

FROM ANNAPOLIS.

ANNAPOLIS, MD., March 3.

The Senate and House of Delegates voted in their chambers for a successor to Thomas. In the House eighty-two votes were cast, of which Thomas received thirty-three, the highest balance scattering, Swann's friends holding back for some purpose. To-morrow they vote jointly.

FROM AUSTIN.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, March 3.

Returns received from all the counties excepting twelve; 55,300 votes were cast. The remaining counties will swell the aggregate to more than 56,000. The Convention undoubtedly carried.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 3.

In Convention yesterday, some of the members who voted for the Constitution as a whole, entered protests against portions of it. The following is a portion of the protest of Judge Crawford, who voted against its adoption: "As the bill of rights social equality is attempted to be enforced, and the right of citizens to control their own property is attempted to be taken from them. A judicial system has been adopted, which is radically defective, and will render uncertain and insecure the rights to property; also to the lives and liberties of the people."

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, March 3.

River rising slowly. Nine feet three inches in the canal. Weather clear and moderating.

The snow storm East and West has ceased. Our travel by rail is again resumed.

FOREIGN.

DUBLIN, March 3.

George Francis Train is again arrested. This time for debt.

BERLIN, March 3.

The Minister of State has been authorized to confiscate the estate of the ex-King of Hanover.

ANTWERP, March 3.

The English Schooner, Mary Ann, with a cargo of naptha and petroleum, was destroyed by fire to-day. The Captain and crew perished.

Fortieth Congress—First Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 3.

Mr. Howard offered the following order in behalf of the Select Committee of seven:

"*Ordered*, That the Secretary of the Senate be directed to inform the House that the Senate is ready to receive the managers appointed by the House to carry to the Senate the articles of impeachment against Andrew Johnson, President of the United States," which was adopted.

On the resolution of Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, the Senate then took up the bill to fund the National debt, and for the conversion of the United States notes. The question was on the substitute reported by Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance. Mr. Merrill spoke in opposition to the bill and in reply to Mr. Sherman's speech of last week. The bill was then postponed until to-morrow.

A reply was received from Mr. Stanton to the resolution whether any, and if so, what Military Districts had been established in the District of Columbia. Referred to the Military Committee.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Select Committee on the standing rules of the Senate.

The Clerk read the rules, which were then laid over for further consideration, and the Senate went into executive session, several messages having been received from the President.

HOUSE.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Requiring the impeachment of the President to be expedited.

Providing for the punishment of offenses against the property of Telegraph companies.

To modify the warehouse system.

To increase by twenty per cent. the present import duties on wines, liquors and manufactures of iron, cotton, wool and silk.

To aid in the construction of the International Pacific railroad, from Cairo to the Rio Grande.

To provide for the consolidation of certain railroads, and provide homesteads for the laborers on said roads.

The resolutions of the Wisconsin Legislature, in reference to the project of connecting, by a navigable channel through Fox and Wisconsin rivers, the Mississippi with Lake Michigan.

To dissolve the Indian Peace Commission.

To amend the act for better security of passengers by steam-vessels and to regulate the public debt, were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Bowbridge offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire whether Congress has the power under the Constitution to regulate the rates charged for freight by rail roads engaged in commerce between different places in the Union. Adopted.

Lane offered a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report in reference to the political status of Texas, which went over until next Monday.

The Postal Appropriation bill passed.

Mr. Schenck, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back a bill concerning certain distilled spirits. It is the same as reported by him on Friday last. After discussion, the bill was passed.

It is a quarter past three o'clock, Mr. Butler rose and reported from the managers of the Impeachment the following additional article:

[The article here alluded to, appeared in the proceedings of yesterday.]

The House then resumed the consideration of the motion of Mr. Eldridge, pending at the adjournment yesterday, to suspend the rules, so that he might read and place on the journal the protest of the Democratic members. The protest was rejected by 46 to 84; the Speaker voting among the yeas.

Mr. Spalding, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a bill, aiding charitable institutions in the District of Columbia, amounting to $246,100.

The Speaker presented several Executive communications of little importance, which were referred. Also a message from the Managers appointed by the House to carry to the Senate the articles of impeachment against the President. The message was entered on the Journal. The House then went into a Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, in the Chair, and proceeded to the consideration of the Postoffice appropriation bill.

Mr. Blaine made a lengthy explanation. The bill calls for $191,519,500, for the ordinary services of the Postoffice Department for the ensuing fiscal year, and $745,000 for foreign mail transportation, under the special contracts with certain steamship companies. The ordering receipts of the Department for the same period, are estimated in gross at $16,700,000, making a difference of $7,000,000 against $150,000, to be provided from the general Treasury. Of this amount $2,000,000 is already placed to the credit of the Postoffice Department on the balance of prior appropriations, so Congress is called upon in this bill to appropriate in round numbers $800,000, and supply an estimated deficit. After considerable discussion the Committee rose and reported the bill. A system of education has been adopted which will force heavy contributions from tax payers, and will entirely prevent any public school education, and entail upon the State a large number of ignorant inhabitants, subjecting the State to the exclusive control of the ignorant and uneducated. A system of proscription has been adopted which attempts to deprive a large class of citizens of the privilege of voting or holding office, who are at the same time liable to taxes, and assist in bearing the burdens of the Government. The manner of procuring restoration to franchise is calculated to invite the mean and unprincipled to participate in voting with the negroes, to drive away the true and honorable. The oath of office is inconsistent with the Constitution, is absurd, disgraceful and ridiculous. The direct tendency of the Constitution as a whole is to engender and perpetuate a state of strife between citizens of the State, to such an extent as will lead to hostile collison, anarchy, and the utter subversion of all law and government. That the adoption of the Committee will drive many good citizens from, and prevent emigration to the State, retard her progress, destroy her internal improvements, blight her prosperity, and destroy her peace and happiness."

Thomas F. Harrison protested against the Constitution as a whole. In addition to Mr. Crawford's reasons, he added: "The whole plan of reconstruction was agrarian, and adverse to Christian civilization."

Article 168, making New Orleans the State capital, was adopted. Against this, also, protest was entered. To-day the Convention adopted an ordinance relative to the collector of the special tax, and adjourned till Thursday.

Butler spoke in favor of articles which he reported; opposed by Garfield, Woodbridge and Wilson as tending to protract the trial. Logan, Conkling, in favor after which previous question was moved, and put to vote, the article was adopted; ayes 87, nays 41. Republicans voting in negative were Ashley of Nevada, Coburn, Griswold, Lollin, Mallory, Morris, Pomeroy, Smith, Wilson of Iowa, and Wilson of Ohio, Windon and Woodbridge. Bingham then offered the following as additional article, saying it had the unanimous vote of managers; and also moved previous questions on adoption of article 2nd: "That Andrew Johnson, President, did, on 18th of August 1866, by public speech declare and affirm in substance that the 39th Congress was not a Congress of the United States, authorized by the constitution to exercise legislative powers under the same, but on the contrary was a Congress of only a part of the States, thereby denying and intending to deny that the legislation of said Congress was valid or obligatory; and that the said Andrew Johnson, except so far as he saw fit to approve or sanction. And, also, whereby, by denying and intending to deny the power of the Thirty-ninth Congress to propose Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and, in pursuance of said declaration, the said Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, afterwards, to wit: On the 21st of February, 1868, did unlawfully and in disregard of the requirements of the Constitution, say that he should take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and attempted to prevent the enaction of an act regulating the Tenure of certain civil offices, by unlawfully devising and contriving, and attempting to devise and contrive means by which he shall prevent Edwin M. Stanton from forthwith resuming the functions of the office of Secretary of War, notwithstanding the refusal of the Senate to concur in the suspension before made by the said Andrew Johnson of the said Stanton from said office of Secretary of War, and, also, by further unlawfully devising, contriving and attempting to devise means, where and by then, to prevent the execution of an act entitled, "An act making appropriation for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868, and for other purposes," and approved March 23, 1867. He also attempted to prevent the execution of an act, entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed March 2, 1867, whereby said Andrew Jonson did, on the 21st day of February, 1868, at the City of Washington, commit and was guilty of a high misdemeanor in office."

After some debate the article was adopted. Yeas 108; nays, 40; a strictly party vote.

Mr. Bingham then reported resolutions, directing articles of impeachment to be exhibited in the name of the House of Representatives and of all the people, and be carried to the Senate by the managers. Also, to appoint a clerk and messenger to send for persons and papers.

Resolutions adopted, and House adjourned.

McOpole goes into training for the Coburn fight next week.

The Missouri Democratic convention has been called at St Louis May 28.

It is believed that Senator Thayers' bill to abolish the office of adjutant in the army will become a law.

Ex-President Pierce has added the opinion that the prospects of the Democrats for carrying New Hampshire are better than they have been for many years.

Young, member elect for the Ninth Kentucky District, returns to Kentucky immediately. His case is pasctically ended, as the committee will report against either him or McKee taking their seats.

The following is said to be General Canby's last order: "I don't care a damn for the opinion of editors or anybody else."

Wood choppers get eight dollars per day, at Raleigh, for chopping to pieces the dead body of the "rebellion."

Soup is now furnished gratuitously in Boston to the poor and needy to upwards of 3,000 persons daily.

Sargent, the illusionist, forgot, when he left Raleigh, to pay for his advertising and job work. His memory was very bad when he left Wilmington.

Nine daily papers are now published in North Carolina—four at Raleigh, two at Wilmington, two at Charlotte, and one at Newbern.

Why, asked Head, are congressmen likely to live to a good old age, expecting that the reply would be, "because death loves a shining mark," or, "because those whom the gods love die young;" but Pete replied that it was not reasonable to presume that congressmen could live to a *good* old age, when there is so much bad-in-age among them.

Ring, streaked and striped, black and tan, bones and banjo, reconstruction, constitutional, mongrel, menagerie, speckled, negro, radical, constitutional, so-called, gorilla-bayonet, checkered, nigger, etc., are a few of the adjectives applied to the various so called constitutional conventions in the Southern States.

MARRIED.

On the 3d instant, at the residence of R. D. Goodwyn, Esq., near Waterstation, Tennessee, by the Rev. J. G. Nash, Dr. A. MOORE to Miss FAYETTE R. GRAVES.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....GEORGE B. WALDRON
Treasurer.....C. D. STEINKUHL

WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 4, Last Night but Three of the Grand Fairy Spectacle of the BLACK CROOK. Beautiful Pantomime Ballet Troupe. Brilliant and Gorgeous Scenery. Music, Dances, Transformations, Marches, etc., presenting the most happy combination of wonder and delight ever witnessed.

MATINEE every Saturday Afternoon. Children half price. Doors open at 12 o'clock, to begin at 1 promptly.

Doors open at quarter past seven. Curtain will rise at a quarter to eight.

Seats can be secured six days in advance.

PRICES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50c; Gallery, 25c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$25 REWARD—Will be paid for the return of the Black and Tan SLUT, taken from "Mosco Hall" on the evening of Wednesday, February 26. mh4

FOR MAGISTRATE OF THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—We are authorized to announce J. J. BUTLER, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Magistrate of the Fifth Civil District.

FOR MAGISTRATE OF THE FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT—I announce myself a candidate for Magistrate of the Fifth Civil District. Election, Saturday, March 7, 1868.
JOHN E. BURKE.

At Auction by A. M. Stoddard & Co.,

NO 323 Second Street, near Union, THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock. Merchandise of every description.
A. M. STODDARD,
mh4 Auctioneer.

Notice of Dissolution.

FEBRUARY 24th, 1868.

THE firm of W. J. MIMS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The firm of MURRAY, SMITHER & CO. is assuming henceforth the entire business, and assumes all the liabilities of the firm of W. J. Mims & Co.
MURRAY, SMITHER & CO.,
mh Druggists and Pharmaceutists, No. 17½ Pogue street.

You may all Talk as you Please,

BUT the cheapest and best place to get a good Meal or Board cheap, is at the

GREAT REPUBLIC DINING SALOON,

Located in the New Court House on Union Street, kept by that Prince of Caterers,

ISSA COWEN.

To satisfy yourself give him a visit. mh4

COMMERCIAL HOTEL Re-Opened,

Corner Jefferson and Front Streets.

THIS well known and popular Hotel has been refitted and newly furnished throughout, and will open

On Thursday, March 5th, 1868.

For the reception of guests. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords. The caterer, Mal. WM. J. REY, is well known, and will spare no pains to drive away from this city, but more re cently of the Exchange Hotel, of Richmond, Va., where he has ever had the right now granted to supply the inner man. We pledge ourselves to make our guests comfortable and to have the old and Dear Colonial again redeem its character as one of the best Hotels in the city.

Schedule of Prices:

Day Board—per month	$30 00
Board and Lodging—per week	12 00
Transient Guests—per day	2 50

Captain S. D. CASTLEMAN will be found in the Office at all times, and will be pleased to see his friends.
ALLEN BEUTHE & CO.,
mh4 Managers.

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a deed executed to me on the 20th day of January, 1867, by R. S. Plummer, and recorded in the Register's Office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book 69, part 2d, pages 226, 226 277, conveying the interest of said Plummer in a certain leasehold for the purpose of securing a loan to the Franklin Insurance Company, Limited, on LEONIDAS and 4th instant, between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, proceed to sell upon the premises and in front and side of the said Plummer in a certain lot in the city of Memphis, on the north side of Washington street, which said lot is described as follows in a certain deed from Basilius Lopez to R. S. Plummer, of record in the Register's Office, in book 67, pages 243, 244, viz: beginning at a stake on the north side of Washington street, thirty-one feet (31) of the east side of John Parks' Park's Outlot lot running thence one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less to the alley between Washington street and Poplar; thence eastwardly with the line of said alley, thirty one (31) feet and six inches to John Parks' line; thence southwardly with said line one hundred and fifty (150) feet, more or less, to Washington street; thence westwardly thirty-one feet and six inches to the beginning. The lease of the said Plummer was for a term of fifty years from the 5th June, 1866, and has upwards of thirty-four years still to run. The property is valuable as an investment, having uniformly yielded a remunerative rental.
mh4 LAW. S. MARYE, Trustee.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

R. M. MANON

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 258 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 2d day of March, A. D. 1868.
J. M. TOMENY,
By J. B. BUSHMAN, United States Marshal, as Messenger.
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. mh4

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

SIMON PURY,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 258 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 2d day of March, A. D. 1868.
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Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. mh4

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

WILLIAM A. LEES,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on their own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 258 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tenn., 2d day of March, A. D. 1868.
J. M. TOMENY,
By J. B. BUSHMAN, United States Marshal, as Messenger.
Deputy U. S. Marshal, as Messenger. mh4

Notice of Bankruptcy.

United States of America,
Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

THEOPHILUS W. ALLEN,

of ——, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 258 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 2d day of March, A. D. 1868.
J. M. TOMENY,
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R. M. MANON

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THE DAILY AVALANCHE

WEDNESDAY, . . . MARCH 4, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail Daily	1:30 P.M.	2:00 P.M
Corinth and Grand Junction Accommodation, Daily	9:07 P.M.	10:00 A.M
Intermediate Accommodation (daily, except Sunday)	3:10 A.M.	5:00 P.M

Railroad time twenty minutes faster than city time. Ticket offices, 279 Main street and at Depot.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express—Daily	2:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M
Sardis Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M
Freight	5:00 A.M.	4:00 P.M

Express runs daily. Accommodation and Freight daily except Sunday. Time to New Orleans 28 hours and 40 minutes.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	6:15 A.M.	7:30 A.M.
Night Express	6:30 P.M.	8:30 P.M.
Brownsville Accommodation	10:30 A.M.	4:30 P.M.

Railroad time 15 minutes faster than city. Ticket office, No. 277½ Main street. Depot head of Main street.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities North and West, at 12:30 p.m.

For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, New York, Nashville and all cities South and East, at 12:30 p.m.

For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Vicksburg, Natchez, Canal (Side cotton), at 2:30 p.m.

All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee Southern and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads, at 3:30 p.m.

All stations on the Memphis and Louisville and Branch railroads, at 3:30 p.m.

All stations on the Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Chattanooga, Memphis and Charleston and East Tennessee Railroads, at 12:45 p.m.

ROBERT C. trst, Postmaster.

"M. A. C. K." if serious in his proposal, will call at the editorial rooms of the AVALANCHE.

ANNOUNCEMENT.—We are authorized to announce that Mr. P. P. Higgins is a candidate for constable in the Fifth Civil District, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention, called to meet next Thursday. Mr. Higgins is well known as a good citizen, and if nominated and elected will make an efficient and reliable officer. 2t

JOHN E. BURKE.—Is will be seen by reference to the announcement column that Mr. John E. Burke is again a candidate for the office of magistrate in the Fifth Civil District. He was ejected once before not permitted to take his place, but his commission was withheld by Brownlow. His friends will see that he has a fair chance Saturday.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: We, the friends and acquaintances of the late Esquire John C. Creighton, would most respectfully suggest that his brother-in-law, M. H. Reilly, would consent for his name to be used as a candidate for the office made vacant by the death of the lamented Creighton. Mr. Reilly we have known long and favorably, and is eminently qualified for the position. FIFTH CIVIL DISTRICT.

CONVENTION.—The Conservative Democratic delegates representing the Fourteenth Civil District in the late convention are requested to assemble at the Ferguson hall on Thursday, March fifth at seven and a half o'clock p.m., for the purpose of nominating five candidates for Justices of the peace in the Fourteenth Civil District at the ensuing election. By order of the County Executive Committee. M. D. L. STEWART, Chairman.

THE BLACK CROOK.—Another large collection from the country at the New Memphis last night evinced their appreciation of the beautiful spectacle of the Black Crook. The train from Brownsville came in filled with people for the express purpose of attending the theater, and they enjoyed themselves to the top of their bent, and we must say it was a most appreciative audience. The "Crook" has drawn well, and it deserved it, for no better piece has ever been put upon the stage in this city.

A CORRECTION.—Mr. Griesheber called upon us yesterday and explained how it was that he first presented a bill of $30 to the County Court, withdrew it, and then after so thereafter handed in another for the same stuff for $52. He says his contract was made for greenbacks, but he could only get his money in county scrip, and finding out which, he rendered the second bill. In this connection we have a simple question to ask. Why could not the County Court pass his bill on a scrip basis, instead of having another one sworn to? In its best phase we do not like it.

OPENED.—The registration opened again on Monday and in the neighborhood of three hundred white men were put through. Yesterday the negroes were being registered at a much more rapid than the whites were on the previous day. To-day, according to the present arrangement, will be the last white day—the negroes closing on Thursday. The election comes off on Saturday, and we cannot too strongly impress upon all Democrats the necessity of attending to this matter. It is your last chance, and unless you secure your certificate to day you cannot vote. Turn out and give one day to the cause of your city and county.

PRODUCE DEPOT.—The old established house of W. P. Wright is now in the full tide of success, and doing the Western produce business of the city. The establishment, for most of our readers are aware, is at No. 2 Promenade street, in the Elliott Block, where can always be found the finest and best brands of hay and corn, oats, bran, meal, flour, pork, lard, bacon, apples and potatoes besides the thousand and one other articles classed under the general head of Western produce. Mr. Wright is also well known as a forwarding and general commission merchant, and as such has made an enviable reputation, and we feel assured that those who once entrust their business to him will never take it elsewhere.

THE RADICAL NOMINATIONS.—At the meeting of the Radical Convention on Monday night Frank Taft was nominated for clerk of the Municipal Court. A. B. Newkirk received the nomination of clerk of the Circuit Court, beating S. S. Garrett eight votes. H. C. Carter, and H. N. Rankin, John T. Elliott and C. W. P. Cook were declared the nominees for magistrate in the Fourteenth Civil District. The candidates for magistrate in the Fifth Civil District are Reuben Daily, Michael Foley, F. B. Millard, S. H. Chamberlain and Patrick Shearey. George S. Hayden was announced as the nominee for constable of the Fourteenth Civil District, and J. S. Black was nominated for magistrate in the Thirteenth Civil District.

AN ACQUISITION.—The house of Seessel & Son, 259 Main street, has lately made a most important acquisition to their establishment. They have secured the services of Mr. Tom Robbins, than whom no finer gentleman or more popular salesman ever stood behind a counter. There is scarcely a lady in the city, who goes "shopping" to any extent, but knows the genial smile and appreciates the courteous deportment of Tom Robbins. With these as a general rule, and a great many of them will go Monday next to where they can be waited on by Robbins. Then again the stock of Seessel & Son is such as can scarcely be found elsewhere in the city. Fabrics in great abundance, from the richest to the cheapest, are piled upon their shelves, and they cannot and will not be undersold, whether in a *more antique* pattern or a cambric needle.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Shirly Frances, late stage manager at the New Memphis, and Mr. Frank Roach, late leading man at the New Memphis, left yesterday afternoon on the Clifton on their way to Boston. We wish them an abundant success.

Mr. H. B. Plant and Mr. T. O'Brien, the former the President and the latter the General Superintendent of the Southern Express Company, are at the Overton.

Mr. Fred. C. Weir, formerly master mechanist of the St. Petersburg and Moscow railroad, Russia, is in town, and may be found at the Overton.

Alderman Passmore has returned from a trip North, and yesterday appeared in his seat in the Board of Aldermen.

Mayor Leftwich has returned home, and will at once undertake the duties of his office. We are glad to see his welcome face in our midst.

Jo. Jefferson, the distinguished comedian, is expected to reach this city on Friday.

A HARD CASE.—Henry Clay, a negro, was committed to jail a few days ago for burglary, but no prosecuting witness appearing against him, he was discharged. In a couple of hours thereafter, Clay was at his old pranks, and immediately after he was again back in jail. He went on board the steamer Clifton, and was in the act of decamping with a box of cream of tartar, when he was arrested by a vigilant officer.

D. C. Swain, one of the contractors of the Little Rock railroad has returned to this city on business.

Jesse W. Page has returned from a trip to New Orleans.

A RUMOR.

A Split in the Radical Leagues.

We heard yesterday, on undoubted authority, that there is at the present time a split in the Radical ranks. Beecher, Hunter, Waldran, D. S. Griffin, and a dozen other prominent Radicals, swear that they will not support the corrupt nominees of the late negro Convention, which was packed by Ed. Shaw, Hayden and Beaumont, and who voted like cattle at the beck of Hayden. They say it was an outrage upon the decency of the party, and they intend to do all they can to defeat them.

ITEMS IN BRIEF.

The store of John McGruer, No. 44 Main street was entered Tuesday night and robbed of 30 hams, 3 boxes cigars, together with $25 in cash, in all amounting to $200.

The residence of Dr. T. E. Lynch, on the southeast corner of Third and Washington was broken into on Tuesday morning and $100 worth of goods carried off. The entrance was effected through the front door, which was opened by means of a pair of nippers. The articles taken are as follows: A hunting case gold watch No. 1806; a long gold chain with diamonds in the slide; $175 in money, and $75 in city scrip; a black coat and vest, with a set of gold ear-rings, with pearl setting. A reward of $200 is offered for their recovery.

R. S. Bedford, Jane Bedford, his wife, and John Wilburn were yesterday committed to jail by Esq. Moore in default of $2000 bail each, on the charge of stealing provisions from the house of D. A. Clark, of Clark, Ely & Co. The goods were found by officer Pollard under the floor of their house.

There is a report in circulation that the Gayoso house closed up. This is not so, but is unfortunately open to crowd. Apologies to Mrs. Lee.

Workmen were yesterday engaged in tearing up and repairing the depressed portion of the Nicolson pavement on Main street.

The 17th instant being St. Patricks day, it will be celebrated by our entire Irish people. The different Irish societies will turn out in grand procession, and at St. Patricks Church, Reverend Father Walsh will deliver an oration, and in the evening a festival will be given at the Memphis Club room for the benefit of St. Patrick's Church.

The show window of the clothing store of Sproule & McCown was broken about four o'clock on Tuesday morning, and about two hundred and forty dollars worth of articles taken. This is the second time this thing has occurred within a short time. In both cases the act was no doubt done by mackerels.

Half a dozen spoons and half a dozen egg glasses were stolen on the night of the 21, from No. 182 Second street, occupied by Mr. E. Cochrane. They were valued at $10.

The store of S. Miles, 248 Front street, was entered on Tuesday morning, by breaking through an iron bar window in the rear of the house, and dry goods, hats, clothing, shoes, etc., carried off. The goods stolen were worth $100.

The Alley bowling will open at the Commercial Hotel, corner of Jefferson and Front, on Thursday.

Commissioner Richards tried nine cases yesterday, and added $230 to the funds in the treasury.

Alderman Powers has purchased the machinery of the steamer Lady, at United States Marshal's sale.

A mule attached to a dray ran away yesterday from the corner of Winchester and Second streets. It ran toward Front street and it collided with the lamp post at that corner, entirely demolishing the lamp post.

Dennis McCarthy was yesterday discharged from jail, the Grand Jury having failed to find an indictment against him. The charge was stealing twenty-five dollars from P. P. Higgins.

Alice Haney obtaining a lease under false pretences from Lake Dowdell, was yesterday committed by Squire Gilsson. The lease was valued at seven hundred dollars.

A warrant was yesterday issued by Squire Gilsson against Chaney Williams for stealing a trunk from Lizzie Parzeal. She will be examined to day.

George Murrell who escaped from the chaingang on the 27th was yesterday arrested by officer Goll and placed in the First District station.

A negro woman named Jane Thompson was arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing a ring from Fannie Grey, valued at $176. The ring was recovered, but Fannie refused to prosecute as the woman had four small children dependent upon her, and she was turned loose.

L. Dugan was stabbed in the breast by P. Flanigan, yesterday on the corner of Madison and Front streets. It occurred in regard to a small sum of money. Dugan was not much hurt.

Dr. B. F. C. Brooks, with all his vagaries, has some good points about him. He has been a consistent Union man—one of the "immortal five" who voted against secession when it nearly cost a man his life to cast such a vote. But it seems Brooks is not one of the high priests around the altar of Radicalism. In apportioning out the offices, he is always ignored. He is opposed to Democracy and Conservatism, but he has the manliness to speak his sentiments to one of our candidates. We find the following in the last *Agrarian*:

P. M. WINTERS.

"The *Agrarian* knows no man as a partisan, and whenever it endorses a man it will be for some act of his far more noble than those which mark mere fidelity to a political party. We care not to what party a man may choose to belong, if he is not the tried friend of the poor man—the laboring classes—he is not the person we have a word for. It has been our good fortune to know P. M. WINTERS under circumstances which impressed us with the most pleasing recollections of the pain it was his surrendering his office and handing up his badge of office, rather than obey an order to oppress the poor. When the Confederates pulled in this city, men were wanted to load and unload their boats. Mr. Winters was ordered, as chief of police, to arrest men and send them to the levee to perform such labor. He took the rich merchant, banker, lawyer, doctor and sons of wealthy clerk, men complained to those in power, when Mr. Winters was informed that "such were not the men wanted, that he must take the poor, laboring men. Pat refused to do as they required, stating that "the poor had their families to support and were dependent upon their daily earnings for their bread, and rather than oppress them I will give up my office," and pulled off his badge and handed it over, telling them to find some one else to do your work of oppressing the poor." We cannot forget such acts, and no party clique or political partizan prejudices should induce the workingmen to desert such noble friends."

The election of Winters, we believe, is regarded as a fixed fact. We understand that many leading Radicals concede this fact. Curry is regarded as Beaumont's candidate, a man whose good will is considered by Radicals as odium, as more fatal to the cause he espouses than poison is to the traveler in the valley of Java. If Beaumont is the upas tree which his party friends seem to regard him, Curry on next Saturday night will be a ghastly corpse, quietly reposing under the shade that distilled disease and death.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, held yesterday, March 3d, 1868, Present: Hon. John W. Leftwich, Mayor; Chairman Swayne, Aldermen Glancy, Powers, Johnson, Joyce, Black, Wickersham, Brown, Cartright, O'Donnell, Hohl, Rollins, Passmore, Moffet, Ellis, McDavitt and Lee.—was read to the Board and received.

MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

The following Message from Hon. E. McDavitt, Mayor pro Tem., was read to the Board and received:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, MEMPHIS, TENN., March 2, 1868.

To the Board of Aldermen:

I am gratified to be able to say to you, that since your last regular meeting, the necessity for enforcing the resolution disbanding the Fire department, has for the present passed away. The Chief of the Fire Department and Fire Commissioners have organized a department anew, on a much more economical plan, and I have no doubt it will prove as efficient. For details, I refer you to the report of the Chief Engineer.

There is nothing now requiring legislative action except the Pauper account, which is in the hands of the solicitor, feeling confident that the system, as at present organized, is costing the city entirely too much, and as you have not the means to bestow charity with, I must ask of you to try and economize in this matter, so as to cause the people much less money than it is now costing. It has already continued in its present organization too long.

I will call your attention to the City Hospital, which is now by far the most expensive part of the city government, and should be radically changed. Three trustees, citizens, properly to be appointed by the Board to have an oversight over the City Hospital, and to see to it that the management is conducted in the most pleasing recollections of the past was his surrendering his office and handing up his badge of office, rather than obey an order to oppress the poor. When the Confederates pulled in this city, men were wanted to load and unload their boats. Mr. Winters was ordered, as chief of police, to arrest men and send them to the levee to perform such labor. He took the rich merchant, banker, lawyer, doctor and sons of wealthy clerk, men complained to those in power, when Mr. Winters was informed that "such were not the men wanted, that he must take the poor, laboring men. Pat refused to do as they required, stating that "the poor had their families to support and were dependent upon their daily earnings for their bread, and rather than oppress them I will give up my office," and pulled off his badge and handed it over, telling them to find some one else to do your work of oppressing the poor." We cannot forget such acts, and no party clique or political partizan prejudices should induce the workingmen to desert such noble friends."

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A quorum being announced, the Chairman took his seat and called the Board to order, when the roll of Aldermen was called, and the minutes of the two preceding meetings read and approved.

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As our Mayor has retired home, and will at once return to the active duties of his office, he will be the last communication I will have the honor of presenting for your consideration. I have personal pleasure in assuring my brother that the kind and united courtesies and co-operation due me the time I have acted in his stead, from the city and I congratulate you on the improved confidence that your Second policy has every where begun to command and extend, and will materially add to the success of your future months for which stood your city credit. You will receive the grateful plaudits, "well done thou true and faithful servant," from a grateful people, as a reward for your fidelity and wisdom.

E. McDAVITT, Mayor pro tem.

The following communication was read and received:

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 2, 1868.

Honorable E. McDavitt, Mayor pro tem.:

DEAR SIR: A number of parties being desirous of paying their taxes for the 1st quarter of 1868, before the end of the month, request the Honorable Board of Aldermen to make the rate of taxation for the current year payable by 10 make every exception. Very respectfully,

JOHN H. BOWEN, Tax Collect'r.

The following communication was read and received by the Board of Aldermen, and the suggestion therein, are seconded and ordered to be carried out.

MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I would respectfully report that the collection of poll taxes for the year ending February 22d, amounted to dollars and fifty cents ($1453 50)

I am, very respectfully, etc.,

J. H. CHANDLER, Tax Collector on Privileges.

HOSPITAL PHYSICIAN.

CITY HOSPITAL, March 1, 1868.

Hon Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The undersigned begs leave to submit the following report for February, 1868:

Number of patients remaining at last Report	139
Number of patients admitted since last report	80
Total we treated during the month	219
Number discharged during month	73
Number died during the month	20
Number remaining	126

Accompanying this is also found the "Monthly statement of Mortality in the City of Memphis," copy of which has been furnished the Surveyor of Customs for settlement with the Treasury Department.

Respectfully, I call your attention again to the necessities for a Force Pump and about 300 feet of hose. The present is obsolete, and entirely inadequate to the purpose of forcing the water from the cistern, and without the latter, almost a total destruction of the Hospital would be the consequence of all the wooden buildings on the premises.

I am, very respectfully your obedient servant,

J. H. KELLER, City Physician.

MARKET MASTERS.

P. Connelly, Collections	$120 00
C. Berner, "	178 00

FIRE CHIEF.

MEMPHIS, March 1, 1868.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: There has been eleven fires during the past month, and 7 are alarms.

Damage by fire during month $2,400
Insurance on the same 1,000

Loss to individuals $1,400

Very respectfully, yours,

WM. KEBOE, Chief Engineer.

CITY CONTROLLER.

OFFICE CITY CONTROLLER,
MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: The amount of taxes from the various revenues collected for the month were as follows:

John H. Bowen, city taxes	$ 1,200 48
" " Poll taxes	34 50
" " Navy Yard rent	400 00
J. L. Chandler, privilege taxes	1,453 50
Robert Good, wharfage	2 111 25
T. Horner, South Market stalls	176 00
Peter Connelly, North Market stalls	174 00
Total	$5,555 43

The foregoing amounts of receipts was for the most part in city scrip previously issued, the dieta amounts being only nominal. Respectfully,

M. D. BAUGH, City Controller.

CITY INSPECTOR.

CITY INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, March 2, 1868

To the Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: The following is my report for the month of February:

I have issued one hundred and seventy-two (172) scales, twenty-two (22) sets dry measure, sixty-five (65) sets liquid measures, sixteen (16) sets yard measure; have gauged fifty-six (56) barrels, weighed fifty-three hundred and seventy-nine (5,379) barrels coal, and sundry other articles, for all of which I have collected fees, amounting to two hundred and forty-one (241) dollars.

In testing the liquid measures I find a large number of them slightly short measure, nearly all of which have been stamped by previous inspectors. I respectfully ask your instructions as to what disposition I shall make of all short measures.

I have received the weights, measures, etc., allowed by you to order, for my office. They were received in good order, and are such as needed—good and substantial. I have paid the bills for same, amounting to two hundred and eleven dollars and seventy ($211 70) cents, of which are herewith filed, receipted, and respectfully ask that you allow the same, and order them to be paid.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. H. CASH, City Inspector.

CITY ATTORNEY.

OFFICE CITY ATTORNEY,
MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

To the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Upon application referred to me of Mr. John M. Lee, who is willing to allow (17) seventeen feet of ground running from Front to Exchange street, west of the line of Dr. Avent and Mr. Mill, to buy part of the original lot No. 268, to be used as a passage way for the benefit of the public, provided such a street or passage shall not be construed into a dedication, I report favorably. This a toy is desired in order to enlarge the lot of Dr. Avent, and to make a convenient passage to Poplar street. Should it afterward be necessary to open a street or alley in that locality, it can be done. Judge Lee states this can be used with the consent of Mr. Lee.

Respectfully, R. J. MORGAN, City Attorney.

WHARFMASTER.

MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

Hon. Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I have collected for the month of February, from the following sources, the amounts set opposite each:

Wharfage	$ 1,000 00
Rents	1,111 00
Total	$2,111 00

Respectfully,

WM. GOODE, Wharfmaster.

CITY ENGINEER.

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 2, 1868.

Hon Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN: I report the expenditures of this department for the month of February, as follows:

OFFICE EXPENSES.

J. H. Humphreys, City Engineer, salary for ten month	$150 00
W. J. Ayres, rodman, services for one month and seven days	92 50

PAVING DEPARTMENT.

Pay roll, one month and a half	$42 50

GAS LIGHTING.

Choate & Co., gas lamps	67 00

NICOLSON PAVEMENT.

Two sections, total cost, $16,281 65; city's portion	6,796 28

STONE PAVEMENT.

One section, total cost, $10,281 65; city's portion	5,248 28

Respectfully submitted,

J. H. HUMPHREYS, City Engineer.

Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your Committee, to whom was referred the petition of John Frechett and H. A. Lewis, regarding the establishment of a soup house, would report, that it would be unwise for the Board to undertake the control of such soup house. We would recommend that the license for the same be remitted in favor of petitioners.

J. T. CARTWRIGHT.

Your Committee would recommend, that each and every individual embraced upon the pay rolls of various city offices situate in the Court House, and that they be notified with reprimand and their receipts taken therefor.

W. H. PASSMORE, Chairman.

REQUISITIONS.

Sundry requisitions were read and granted.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts for the month of January and February were reported favorably upon by the committee and allowed by the Board.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

City Treasurer	$ 31 20
City Treasurer	28 50
City Treasurer	112 00
James G. Mallon	20 00
H. Green	250 00
S. Brinon	250 00
Daily Tatler	50 00
M. T. Williamson	5 25
J. L. Chandler	9 00
A. Brown	50 00
B. Abernathy	50 00
L. H. Shands	2 50
Jacob Waller	220 00
John Tate	60 00
John T. Tilcomb	50 00
Jno. Ryan	665 00
J. L. Dupre	50 00
Jno. C. Bellens & Co	187 50
Jno. C. Baugh	50 00
J. A. Newson	50 00
F. A. Shannon	50 00
M. Pearson	18 50
Chamberlain & Co	21 70
City Inspector	

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

City Treasurer	5 00
Jacob F. Schabel	5 00
R. P. Walt & Co	11 00
R. P. Walt & Co	1,000 00
J. Ude	150 00
Wm. Murr & Co	1,000 00
R. P. Walt & Co	5,000 00
Wm. Kehoe	5,182 50
Wm. Kehoe roll	1,000 00
R. P. Walt & Co	14 25
R. P. Walt & Co	14 25
R. P. Walt & Co	1,000 00
Wm. Kehoe	10 00
W. Kehoe	10 00
Anderson and Gay	2,343 34

SALARY.

C. Berner	125 00
R. D. Baugh	125 00
A. M. Stockett	333 33
W. H. Bridges	416 66
J. J. Morgan	83 33
R. Goodman	250 00
T. H. Humphreys	100 00
C. T. Smith	100 00
J. W. Wellford	100 00
R. J. Morgan	416 66
J. J. Morgan	83 33
L. B. Richards	166 66
W. H. Bridges	83 33
R. D. Baugh	83 33
John Kaney	83 33
J. P. Foster	41 66
W. H. Wilkins	83 33
T. D. Davis	83 33
C. T. Smith	100 00
John Marr	100 00
W. L. Brandriff	83 33
John W. Leftwich	208 33
C. T. Smith	75 00
John C. Bridges	75 00

CITY HOSPITAL.

R. Henly	100 00
G. W. Jones & Co	150 00
G. W. Jo. es & Co	150 00
Bringe & Peterson	50 00
Bringe & Peterson	50 00
Wm. Strodder	50 00
Wm. Strodder	50 00
Jno. Ryan & Son	50 00
E. Morrow & Co	418 50
C. Smith	100 00
A. Newson & Co	50 00
Bayne, Hardy & Co	50 00
Bringe & Peterson	50 00
A. Newson & Co	100 00
R. P. Walt & Co	50 00
J. W. Wellerding & Co	5 75
Mrs. J. K. Keller	100 00
M. Gallagher	50 00
M. Mitchell, agent	50 00
City Treasurer	70 00
Jas. Duffy	275 00
Jas. Duffy	50 00
J. L. Richards	450 00
Hospital Stewardess	100 00
City Treasurer	13 00
J. M. Keller, roll	400 00

PAUPERS ACCOUNT.

Memphis and Charleston railroad	$ 4 50
Bigsby, Mellersh & Co	250 00
Jno. Ryan & Son	50 00
Memphis and Charleston railroad	72 00
R. Henly & Co	1,000 00
H. Hoole & Co	1,000 00
City Treasurer	13 00
City Treasurer	13 00

SANITARY ACCOUNT.

Jas Duffy	$400 00
J. L. McCulloch	100 00
Jas Gallagher	100 00
Briggs & Peterson	100 00
N. Gilmore	100 00
John Burk	100 00
L. a Barr & Co	50 00
S. B. Thurston	100 00
G. B. Thurston	100 00
W. S. Rowes	100 00
W. S. Thurston	100 00
W. E. Rogers	100 00
W. E. Rogers	100 00
J. L. Jacobs	100 00
J. L. Jacobs	100 00

STREETS AND ALLEYS.

McCombs & Co	17 10
Bigsby, Mellersh & Co	50 00
W. Joyce	250 00
W. B. Hoe	75 00
S. Marks	75 00
McCombs & Co	75 00
McCombs & Co	75 00
Bringe & Peterson	50 00
John Flannery	75 00
T. B. Pelton	75 00
Choate & Co	75 00
Jno. Ryan	50 00
J. M. Keller, roll	134 00
J. A. N. Lowenstine	1,000 00
Jno. Ryan	50 00
P. Powell	134 00
P. Powell	134 00
W. Wilson, roll	134 00
W. H. Bridges	134 00
John S. Tilcomb	134 00
J. E. Mellen, roll	134 00
Hoole, Caldwell & Co	139 07

PRINTING.

Bulletin Company	169 10
City Treasurer	13 00
do	13 00
do	13 00
Dalton & Price	50 00
M. C. Gallaher & Co	50 00

CITY FARE.

T. W. O'Donnell	5 00
A. G. O'Donnell	5 00
A. G. O'Donnell	5 00
M. Farrell	5 00
J. Lanigan	10 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. Humphreys' roll	$425 00
John Kaney, 3 vouchers	83 33
Ed Keating, 3 vouchers	83 33
Ed Keating, 3 vouchers	83 33
R. Good, W. and Landing	83 33
R. Smith, wharfage, etc	83 33
Briggs and Peterson, quarantine	11 50
do do do	50 00
City Treasurer	1 00

The following accounts were disposed of as follow, to-wit:

W. Cusick, pay in reserved stock in its favors to 50 00

Jno. Burke, ref'd to Committee on Claims.

Bringe, Cusick & Co	50	00
John Burke	50	00
Peterson & Co	50	00
A. Dale	50	00
H. Mack	50	00
Jno. Secord	427	00
M. Lemle	284	00
M. Mattington	17	50
do	50	00

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M. Lemle	284	00
M. Mattington	17	50
do	50	00

REPORT.

Gentlemen of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

I respectfully ur instructions I have visited the State Capital in order to obtain from the General Assembly now in session, such legislation as you deemed necessary for the interest of the city.

I take pleasure in saying to you, that, as your agent and personally, I was received with the most cordiality and courtesy by all with whom I was thrown in contact, and especially so by our own members and Senators from Shelby county, who, as you will observe, have had many battles to fight in the Senate and House, and many battles won by them all properly and fairly considered.

So as to the result, it is true, unhappily for us, because of excessive personal jealousies and intrigues, but mainly because of the hostility to Memphis, and its citizens, as displayed by a large majority of the members, to such an extent, all our interests in the Legislature, and because also, this is a less degree, of the hostile circumstance, the opposition of time required for the consideration and other interests of this city, as compared with that passed at other sessions of the Legislature, I am free to say, on the best ground, yields to reason, when it appears that the large population of Memphis commands and should receive with the shaping events as of conditions incident thereto, to quiet, and so much as possible, to compel civility, that is asked for or required by other localities.

Our members, I am pleased to say, are fully alive to all our local interests, and devote themselves, actively and earnestly, to all their duties, and fairly and carefully consider all measures, free from the bias of political independently of party ties. And it is given me to state, since the state that, in regard to the matters you charged me with, I had the valuable and cordial co-operation of several of our citizens, those at Nashville, among them Mr. Merriman and Judge Lewis.

While finding it impracticable to obtain all the legislation you desired, or as full as you decided it, yet the most of it, and perhaps enough, will no doubt be adopted as law, and in such shape as will be accepted as to us, and adequate to our present needs, and as early as the forms of legislation will allow. To this end, and for this legislation, I was careful to have the concurring judgment and the approval of our own members first, and then, of others exercising influence or country over the matter.

The proposition to unite the collection of State, county and city taxes in one person, was favorably considered, but postponed, for waived, as was also any separate legislation for the city, providing penalties, etc., if desired by you; but, instead thereof, by a late active provision, we may adopt the provisions made or to be made, for the collection of taxes of county taxes, and which you will perhaps find to be sufficient for the purposes in view. And these, I add, are embodied in the Revenue bill, which, I have the pleasure to say, passed the House the day before I left Nashville, and will, no doubt, soon become a law.

I have also to mention, in these remarks, to any of the burdens of taxation on our people already too great, but to the collection of the revenue from delinquents, on half of which, now past due and unpaid, would relieve the city from the embarrassment under which we have found her.

To meet the other objects desired by you, I prepared a bill and obtained for it, in form and substance, the approval of our members, and to which I have seen no objection, and no objection among any of our people, or in the Legislature, and left with the Speaker, in the hands of Speaker Smith, who, together with all our members, will see to its passage.

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I have also to mention, in these remarks, to any of the influential members in the Legislature I repose entire confidence in, the accomplishment of our reasonable legislation for the future welfare of our goodly city.

The Board may digest something from me about the negotiation (it can hardly be called that) to get a police for the city government, or to turn over the same to Commissioners, out of the hands to which the people are jealous, by the forms of law, committed it, and whose management, thus far, is not entirely satisfactory to the people.

The project was, I am satisfied, in no sense a political one; and, whether or not, prompted by motives of individual advancement, I am happy to add, that neither I nor any one accompanying me, as far as I know, from any others there, received any favor from any of our members in the Legislature, or any assistance whatever from the public and the public solicitor, and actually gone by the same train and route.

While, finally, I proceeded to call on our influential members of the Senate and House, to learn with what favor it was proposed to be entertained by them, according to it as a matter of public interest and character, about which they would frankly state their impressions. They did, frankly, freely, candidly and promptly describe the project as disclosed to them, and express their disapproval of it, coming as and in the form it did, a measure originating in the body of the city I was introduced.

The subject also appeared in the papers of Nashville and, to prevent undue effect in others through that channel, I also had a letter sent to this direction, as well for the interests of the city

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

November, our *pro rata* of the State School Fund. In this we have been sadly disappointed, but from no lack of dilligence on the part of this Board—every effort having been made to secure the same—yet to this date without avail.

The city school tax for the present year will, when collected, be amply sufficient for the support of our schools, and together with the State fund, should place this Board in a position to pay all its indebtedness.

Your committee would recommend that these facts be laid before the Teachers' Association, and that the thanks of this Board are hereby tendered to all of our teachers, for the faithful and persevering performance of their duties under the difficulties which have embarrassed them, with the assurance that this Board will not be unmindful, in the future, of those who have remained faithful to the end, and that this Board will contine unremittingly to do all in their power to secure full and ample payment to their teachers, and that they earnestly hope the day of relief is not distant.

Your committee would further recommend the following:

Resolved, That Secretary of this Board is hereby instructed, whenever applied to by any teacher to whom we are indebted, to transfer such credit on our books to any other party or parties, named in writing, by the teacher and with the understanding on our part that such credit transferred shall be payable *only in money*, before any other payments are made to the teacher so transferring, and that all persons, friendly to the public schools and their teachers, are solicited to aid both by furnishing board, clothing, provisions and all other necessaries of life on such securities, and that the faith of this board is hereby pledged to a strict performance of this promise, to all who may avail themselves of this opportunity to sustain the Memphis City Schools. Respectfull submitted.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER,
W. S. BRUCE,
N. J. WIGGIN,
Committee.

Adopted and ordered printed.

Mr. Slaughter, Chairman of Special Committee, to whom was referred the protest of F. W. Buttinghaus and the German Union Reform Club and reported at length and sustained the Board in all its acts. Report adopted and not to be printed.

MEMPHIS, March 2, 1868.

To the Board of school Visitors etc.;

Your committee on location of schools in the Ninth and Tenth wards further report from last month that they have leased for four and a half years a very eligible building in Chelsea for a school house, and commodious enough for eight schools of fifty pupils each. The terms of the lease are four hundred dollars per annum, payable quarterly, the Board assuming all taxes. The house is undergoing suitable alterations to adapt it for school purposes, and will be ready in a few days for occupation.

We find that we can lease a house and lot from Adam Hine Esq., suitable, with slight alterations, for a school on Poplar street extended. Mr. Hine will lease for four years at fifty dollars per month, the Board assuming the taxes. The house can be arranged so as to accommodate about two hundred pupils.

Your committee having nothing to report about the necessities of the Tenth ward, ask that a new committee be appointed to take that ward into consideration.

We recommend that a school house be procured for the First Ward to accommodate the primary pupils of that ward.

Respectfully submitted,
J. T. LEATH Chairman.
D. F. GOODYEAR.
JOHN JOHNSON.

Adopted.

By Mr. Fealey—

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the chair to rent or lease a suitable building in the First Ward for the purpose of opening schools in said ward.

Adopted,

The chair appointed as such committee Messrs. Fealy, Goodyear and Mehan.

By Mr. Hoffheimer—

Resolved, That the Building Committee be directed to have necessary repairs done at the Court street school building, and repair the cistern at the Alabama street school house immediately.

Adopted.

The Secretary read the resignation of Geo. W. Waldran as a member of the Board from the Seventh Ward. Adopted.

The President appointed the following committee to report the name of a suitable person to fill the vacancy in the Seventh Ward: Messrs. Cook, Wiggins and Bruce.

By Mr. Leah:

Resolved, That a special committee be appointed, with the Superintendent as Chairman, to communicate with Rev. Dr. Sears, agent of the Peabody fund.

Adopted, and the President appointed as such committee, Messrs. Mitchell, Leath and Wolcott.

By Mr. Lenow:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to report to the Board what action is necessary to be taken with regard to school for the Tenth Ward.

Adopted, and the President appointed as such committee, Messrs. Lenow, Merrill and Johnson.

Mr. Fealy presented and read a communication from Miss Agnes M. Glynn, explaining her absence from school, and asking that no deduction from wages be made therefor. Petition granted.

By Mr. Slaughter:

Resolved, That the work done by Mr. Jas. Connell, at the Alabama street school house, and that done by order of the Building Committee, be paid for from the first money in the treasury.

Adopted.

The President appointed the Visiting Committee for the month of March, and the Board adjourned.

F. Y. ATWELL,
Secretary.

TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, February 29, 1868.

Mr. Keith introduced a bill to more effectually provide for working public roads. Passed first reading.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

Calling on the Adjutant General for a report. Concurred in.

To secure additional bounty to Tennessee soldiers. Concurred in.

Lamenting the death of Edward Maynard. Concurred in.

In relation to Chancellor Barry. Indefinitely postponed.

Adjourned to 10½ a.m. to-morrow.

HOUSE.

NEW BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Prosser: A bill to provide for paying the current expenses of the present session of the Legislature.

Mr. Prosser: A bill submitting to the voters of the Seventeenth Civil District (Edgefield) of Davidson county the question of subscribing $100,000 to the Evansville, Henderson and Nashville railroad.

Mr. Taylor, of Carter and Johnson: A resolution to appoint a joint committee to investigate the accounts of the late staff officers of the Governor on file with the Controller. Adopted.

Mr. Singletary: A resolution instructing the Senators and requesting the Representatives in Congress from this State to endeavor to secure compensation to David Ellis, of Carter, and John Turner, of Union, for services rendered and sacrifices made in piloting recruits from Tennessee through the mountains to the Federal army in Kentucky. Adopted.

The remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration of the Senate bills on the first and House bills on the second reading. Senate bill for the benefit of the Cincinnati, Cumberland Gap and Charleston Railroad was rejected.

Adjourned to nine o'clock Monday.

The arrival of a one-horse cart, in Raleigh, loaded with cotton, creates immense excitement amongst the editorial fraternity.

Forty-five North Carolinians are studying medicine at Baltimore, and will soon be ready to

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